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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

EUROPE.

German Programme!

BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS!

Armistice Applied For!

GERMAN SUCCESSES ANNOUNCED!

Assistance for Paris Impossible!

FRENCH AND GERMAN LOSSES!

The Alabama Question!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GERMANY AND FRANCE.

KING WILLIAM WILL RETURN TO BERLIN.

LONDON, December 13.—The Times has received a telegram from Berlin announcing that King William will return to Berlin after the capitulation of Paris, even if the war should be much more oppressive the longer the French hold out.

GERMAN terms of peace are likely to be much more oppressive the longer the French hold out.

BISMARCK AND THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

A newspaper correspondent at Berlin telegraphs that Bismarck refuses to allow a truce to be opened during the bombardment of Paris.

It is reported that the Council at Versailles has decided to bombard the city.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

A Berlin telegram says the bombardment of Paris has been definitely decided upon.

HAVRE RECEIVING SUPPLIES.

BRUSSELS, December 13.—A report has been received here that Havre has recently received large supplies. Several steamers provisioned and troops were arriving in large numbers.

GARIBALDI APPLIES FOR AN ARMISTICE.

LONDON, December 13.—The Times reports that Garibaldi has asked for power to believe that Gambetta has agreed to the Provisions for an armistice, but is opposed to the latter by a majority of the Republican Assembly.

GENERAL BOURBAKI'S ARMY.

General Bourbaki's army is still outside the walls of Montbeliard, between Belfort and Besançon, and apparently still intends to make a ground fight with some to-morrow.

NO BAD NEWS OF BOURBAKI.

LONDON, December 13.—The war news this morning is unimportant.

THE FRENCH LOSSES.

BERNE, Dec. 13.—The Swiss Federal Council asked an extension for eight months of the treaty relative to the Alsace railway.

GERMAN SUCCESSES.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 13.—The Duke of Mecklenburg makes the following official report of the operations of the army entrusted to his command, yesterday, the 12th: "The army of the Seventeenth and Twenty-second Corps of the Seventeenth and Twenty-second Corps of the Seventeenth and Twenty-second Corps

THE DAILY GAZETTE.
OFFICIAL PAPER
Pittsburgh, Allegheny, City, and Allegheny County.
GAZETTE BUILDING:
corner of Sixth Avenue and Cherry Alley.
TUESDAY, DEC. 13, 1870.

Bonds at Frankfort 94¾.

Petroleum at Antwerp 69f.

Gold closed in New York yesterday 110¾.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT is to be made to relax the Cable. The stormy weather, however, renders success extremely doubtful.

DON PIATT has been challenged by Hinton Rice, Councilor of the Hayden legation. There will be no fight, Piatt having conscientious scruples.

IT IS STATED as a remarkable fact that a Illinois woman on Thanksgiving Day, ed of too much turkey. Europe is threatened with the same complaint.

THE Municipal Election will be held in Allegheny to-day. It is of sufficient importance to draw out the full city vote, and we hope there will be no falling off in the returns.

A NEWPORTSBURG dog walked up to the polls, in Alabama, on election day, with a Democratic ticket in his mouth, there no law in that State to prevent cruelty to dumb animals?

YESTERDAY we learned that General Sheridan had resigned the English Mission, and would fall in those traits. To-day we are informed that he will not be able to leave until after Congress adjourns.

DISCONTENTED SPECIES, hereafter cover young women waiting to be married, and ally those unmanageable men. If we were sixty-seven young women, these two men would either come to terms, or emigrate.

THOMAS HAYES thinks to have whiskey that takes man's finger nails off. That is nothing. Now Sweny has a thing that will carry all the furniture out of a man's house, throw him out in the street, lock the door, and carry away the key.

THE SCRANTON Morning Republican says there is a cavalry town in Iowa where thirty-three bachelors have eloped and five wives. Why don't they move to Bloomington, Indiana, where there sixty-seven young damsels are hopelessly weeping out their lives?

IT IS RECOMMENDED that a day be fixed for the Inauguration of Pardo. The day has been fixed so often that no mistake can be placed on this announcement. Peace or war, however, that dreadful date must fall on the day of Pardo, unless somber judgement governs the citizens as has been exhibited hitherto.

LONDON is being flooded with the circulars of those scoundrels who were offering in the United States to sell counterfeit currency. They are offering in England counterfeit sovereigns "made of aluminum found in the Rocky Mountains" The London Times seems to be afraid that some people in the United States will be deceived. We have passed through these circulars before they reached England, and lapsed a few illiterate men, hardly able to write out their own bad hand, to be not caught with this bid for crime.

RUSSELL describes Van Meithe as "a tall, thin old man, with slightly stooped shoulders, grizzled beard, thin, many-wrinkled face, deep glassy eyes and hairless, no moustache nor whiskers, only a thick eyebrow over a speculative eye." When we see Meithe, having Russell so well, we expect to find a shirt. Its cuts, straight and erect, with rather a square head, and plain, smooth brow, with a full beard and moustache, rather thin eyebrows if any and two eyes. This is the description of the man we shall look for in Van Meithe, and if we do find him, we shall give Russell credit for not misleading us.

THE *N. Y. Evening Post* is not quite done with the McGuffeyism claim and the Presidency. While it tried to get the courage to state that, "in all this we disclaim, as we have done before, the imputation of any improper motives to General Grant." We had really thought from reading the *Post*, that it directly charged "improper motives," but as it declares it never did we suppose we must have been wrong. We feel however that this will be as much of a surprise to the country generally, as it was to us, and that everybody hitherto believed, that the *Post* without hesitation charged the President with receiving the McGuffeyism claim. Why do journals publish just what they do not mean.

A MORNING contemporary of yesterday managed—or rather bungled in such a way in its attempt to give a report of the different Sunday's sermons—as to make Rev. Father Miller of Ann Street (Episcopal) Church, and Rev. Professor Crumb, of the "First Christian Church," each preach doctrines diametrically opposite to their respective faiths.

Is it Father Miller in doubt to utter a heresy for which (if correctly reported) he could be prosecuted and tried? and Prof. Crumb to made to preach a thoroughly doctrinal and "Catholic" sermon. It is certainly a most amusing and ludicrous blunder, and why any rational human mind and wrath of each as they read the "report" of their sermons.

GAMBETTA, it is asserted, has applied to the Provisions for an explosion, in order to allow time for the election of a National Assembly. We don't believe this, and if it is true, have no idea that it would be granted. Nor is Gambetta the one to make such a proposal, if the Provisions would upgrade him to the White Light as he is looked upon in our country. While he may have deserved fun else hast, yet his acts have proven him to be totally unreliable, while his words can not be believed anywhere outside of the city where he has an office and the citizens. If believed even there. There is in fact no need of any confusion. No good can come from it, and the world has had enough of this useless and pertinent Adventurer without a hope of French success.

DEMOCRATIC JOURNALISM.

THE NORTH AMERICAN.

Shakespeare, Pilgrim's Progress, have been his great literary models. Of literature in the day and time he finds Shakespeare the only model, and Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress the only book that does not offend him as to style. Of course he is not capable of producing anything like literature, but even approximation to it does him the compliment of a Democratic imitation of the present day. While Edmund has a claim that may not be doubted, we will simply say request, and in the exhibition of the necessity of the truth, he represents but a little of the prominent characteristics of the Democratic journalism. Ingenuousness is not the only characteristic of the press, but weak and feebly represents the characteristic trait of Democratic journalism, while Skylark (Aldership) claimed what was Accuity by the Irish, proved to be Brown cattle afterwards. Both, in murdering his own language, have done more than either people, education and civilization might in time aspire to be guilty of. We do not pretend to be an admirer of the press of Democratic States, in the success of sentiment to displace either the Bad (by Democratic) or the Worst (by Republican) but among many of the press of the Democratic States, there is a decency and truth found and not often the case with the Democratic press of Pittsburgh.

THE SUN.

The Sun, in its issue of yesterday, has a long article on the "Lady Bobbie" by "Justin McCarthy," "A New House of Readings," in which a Democratic paper so prejudiced against Republicanism, that the word "Republican" in the article is "The Young Women" in a purely pure. Many will enjoy "Interna-

tional Copyright," and especially "An Afternoon at Wilhelmshohe." The paper "David King of Israel," by A. H. Guernsey is of well decided merit. The "Constitution" by Abby Sage Richardson will attract attention. Mark Twain's "Memoranda" is rich and rare.

Lippincott as usual is quite attractive this month, closing the volume and year under favorable omens. The first paper, "A Roving Commission," will attract attention. "Louie" is a well told story. Much substantial information may be secured from the papers on "Florida" and "The Real Condition of the South." "The Gypsies of California" is entertaining and instructive. Usually one able paper on finances is given each month the result of careful and patient experience. The article this month on "Expansion or Contraction," is sensible and strong. The other articles are worthy of reading.

The Atlantic opens with a capital article by Ralph Keeler, "Confession of a Patent Medicine Man," followed with a poem of great beauty and pathos by Whittier. Harriet Beecher Stowe gives some "Old Town Fireside Stories," and Bayard Taylor another installment of "Joseph and His Friend." Lucy Larcom furnishes a dainty poem, and Henry James, Jr., presents the second paper on "Traveling Companions," in his usual good style. Tuckerman's "Plea for Silence" is fine. "Flitting," by Howells, will attract attention, and also the paper "A Virginian in New England Thirty-five Years Ago." Without naming the other papers, specially, they will all bear careful reading.

Our Young Folks is as sprightly as ever, and brimfull of nice articles for young people. "Freed Children in Virginia," "We Girls: A Home Story," and "The Wonderful Secret and Who Told It," are capital stories. In fact all the articles, prose and poetry, are readable and full of vim. The illustrations are quite attractive.

Old and New is freighted with a rich variety, blending solid and substantial articles bearing on theology and social questions, and light literature of the most attractive character. The papers of a political type are mostly marked with strong thought, and thoroughly Radical. Rev. J. F. Clarke's article "Wanted A Statesman," will attract attention, and many will be anxious to know who will meet his expectations. Dr. Bellows is an able writer, but not always a safe guide. Most of the other articles are possessed of merit. The departments, "The Examiner," and "Record of Progress," are unique and scholarly. This magazine closes the first year's prosperously.

The Ladies' Repository, published in Cincinnati, is a publication of superior merit. The papers are of a character worthy of any family circle, and written in an attractive style. The illustrations are very fine, especially the two steel plate engravings in each number. Paper and type of the best kind. We are not surprised that this magazine has such a large circulation.

Golden Hours, issued by the same publishers, is admirable and worthy for young people, and the matter is suitable for any religious household.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & Co., Philadelphia, republish in superb style the *Sunday Magazine*, *Good Words for the Young* and *Good Words*, all issued in the Old Country. These publications are worthy of a wide circulation, and fill a want long existing in the literature of the day. The moral and religious tone which pervade them is the most elevating kind. The *Sunday Magazine*, edited by Dr. Guthrie, contains a fine list of excellent articles. Among the noticeable ones are "A Sunday in Venice," by the editor, "Infallibility," by Dr. Vaughan, "The Woman who Trampled on Dragons," and "The Diet of Augsburgh." Dr. Blaikie continues his interesting papers on "America and the Americans." *Good Words*, edited by Dr. Macleod, for December, is chiefly filled with serial papers, "Fernyhurst Court," "Letters from the Tropics," "Dorothy Fox." These stories are full of interest and improve as they advance. The "Three Poems for the Times" are fine. The other articles are quite readable. *Good Words for the Young*, edited by Geo. MacDonald, is a monthly gem for young people. The articles are short and captivating in style, and the illustrations beautiful, and both text and illustrations are calculated to ennoble the mind of youthful readers.

SCIENCE VS. COMMON SENSE.

In a recent article on the general subject of the Perpetual Motion, the "*Scientific American*" uses the following language: "The motion of the tides, the rotation of the earth, and the motion of the heavenly bodies, will continue for ages, but of these there is not one of which astronomers would dare to predict that it will never cease."

This is the sort of language used by scientific men, to prove the impossibility of making a machine that will run perpetually; and is impute us to say that it is a pity there is not a wide gulf between people of common sense and science. Some people have thought that science was simply a supplementing of common sense, by a wider grasp of a subject—a superstructure, as it were, built upon the foundation of truth; but with such nonsense as the above extract before our eyes, it is evident that common sense must be altogether divided, before the people are prepared for instruction in the ineffable wisdom of science. Not only are all the usual mechanical powers to be ignored when the perpetual motion is thought of, but the motions of the tides, of the earth, and of the heavenly bodies; all are to count as nothing, because "no astrogomer would dare to predict that *they* will never cease." Just imagine such nonsense made by Watts or Smith, working away for dear life, after the heavenly bodies have ceased to move, and steam has come back again!

Common sense demands for the successful construction of the perpetual motion, a machine which constantly holds within itself the power to move, and which does move, without intervention, until it becomes inservicable, through ordinary wear. This, nothing more. Finally, common sense is content to take to the shore of enjoyment now, while this science (falsely so called) will be compelled to wait until the heavenly bodies have ceased to move, before it can begin to deal any pleasure; if this is to be considered a fair sample of its demands.

A. F. M.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

A NEW INDUSTRY.

The ailanthus tree has heretofore been regarded with great disfavor in this country, solely by reason of the unpleasant odor of its blossom. It is one of the hardiest of the exotics, enduring the coldest winters and the longest droughts without injury, and it affords a most grateful shade, retaining its foliage till late in the autumn.

In the number of *Appleton's Journal* for the 3d of December, Mr. J. Q. A. Ward undertakes to say a word for the ailanthus, from the point of view of its value in the production of silk. The facts given by Mr. Watson are of great interest, and will be new to the great majority of our readers.

The ailanthus is a native of China, and was introduced into Europe one hundred and fifteen years ago by the Abbe Incarville, a French missionary. It soon became naturalized, and was afterwards brought to America, where its progress has been rapid and its growth vigorous.

In India and China the ailanthus has long been highly esteemed as supplying food for the cynthian worm, from whose cocoons the well known Bombard silks have been produced.

Of late years attempts have been directed to the production of silk in France, by the cultivation of the mulberry, and the experiments that have attended the silk worms of the mulberry. The result has been a demonstration of the superior qualities of the cynthian worm in the fineness and consistency of the silks, and the number of cocoons that can be obtained from a single leaf.

In Pennsylvania experiments of the cynthian worm have been made by the officers of the State Agricultural Society, and by the Society of Natural History in the vicinity of Boston, and in the suburbs of the country, and a silk has been made in Palmyston, New Jersey, 24 hours. In every instance where all causes it was attended with the success of overcoming those obstacles which have prevented the silk culture in the United States. "Every year," says Mr. Watson, "many cocoons are given away, and a ready sale at high prices is always found for the silk. The ailanthus is a rapid grower, and the cultivation of it would be a source of profit to many who have now no employment for their land. The ailanthus will grow in any soil, but the choicest is recommended. Every farmer can raise his own silk worms, and possibly can prepare the silk for market. The most valuable" [illegible] Watson, "may be made by any person of ordinary capacity and intelligence, and the whole process is described in a little book published by Mr. Watson, which can be had for a few cents. Certainly, if the latter proposition can be substantiated, the ailanthus will soon become the most popular of all the trees of the garden.

TOP DRESSING FOR CORN.

A correspondent in the Germantown *Telegraph* offers the following as a top dressing for corn:

Having been much benefitted by the following mixture, and believing it to be the province of your paper to disseminate the results of experiments, I have concluded to submit it to your judgment. Having used various substances as a top dressing for corn, such as guano, superphosphate, salt or plaster, also various mixtures of them, I have found the following to give the best result for the expenditure:

A short time before planting time, I collect all the chicken manure, and reduce it to as fine a powder as possible, and pass it through a riddle. With this I mix two bushel of bone dust, two of dry (unleached) wood ashes, one and a half of plaster, and a pack of coarse salt; the heap is then shoveled until thoroughly mixed, and if dry and dusty may be moistened with water or urine. If mixed long before using, the heap should be spread out and covered with dry soil or else it will heat and lose part of its virtue.

I apply the mixture at the rate of one handful to two or three hills, and find the above quantities enough for ten or twelve acres.

TRANSPLANTING RHUBARB.

Rhubarb roots require replanting occasionally. If the stools remain undisturbed for several years, they often commence to decay in the center, and after a while the whole plant becomes diseased. Every four or five years the stalks should be lifted and divided, leaving but one large crown, with its accompanying roots attached. These may be again planted in the same soil, or upon fresh plat, the latter method being preferable, although we are not a very strong disciple of the theory that plants run out if grown for many years in the same soil.

Rhubarb is very much like asparagus as regards fertilizing materials; the more the better, and an extra application afterwards will always be beneficial. A very deep and rich soil is among the indispensible adjuncts of successful rhubarb. Transplant in fall, if possible, and plant in rows or hills, allowing plenty of room, no crowding will answer if large and thrifty stalks are desired. The crowns of the plants should be two to four inches under the surface, and a coat of mulch to new plantations will prevent injury from cold, and assist growth very materially the following spring.

KAINOPHYTE.

This is the name given to a new fertilizer made in Tennessee by the slow burning of pine straw, leaves and other vegetable matter under a layer of earth. It is claimed to be very beneficial and permanent in its effects upon the soil, all of which we do not doubt, for it has long been known that brush or old logs heaped and covered with turf, and then burned, makes the best manure for all grasses, vines, trees, &c., that can be had, and many a man who has a heap of old refuse in his back yard, if he would cover it with soil and then set it burning, covering with fresh earth from time to time as the fire bursts out, and so keep it until all the brush and refuse were gone, then spread it over his lawn, around his vines, etc., would soon have cause to rejoice in the brighter look of the grass, and the fresher green of the leaf of the vine.

COMPOST FOR FLOWERS.

In cleaning off the garden and flower borders there is always more or less of leaves, litter, &c., that must be disposed of in some way. Take it and the basis for a compost heap for the winter; empty all the coal and wood ashes of the house over it, as they accumulate from time to time; save all the bones and refuse of the kitchen, and all the greasy dish water, all the chamber lye, and add them daily to the heap. Gather if you can from the blacksmith shop or elsewhere, iron filings or scales from the hammering of heated or rusty iron, the parings of horse-hoofs, and with a little of sharp sandy soil, add them to the heap. This, well mixed, in the spring will form one of the best and cheapest fertilizers for all kinds of flowers in the open border.

HOLLOW HORN IN CATTLE.

Hollow horn in cattle, it is said, may be cured by the following prescription: Take two tablespoons full of ground mustard the finer the better; mix with sharp vinegar until the mustard is thick as sweet cream; put half in each ear, working it up as far in the ears as can conveniently be done. If the animal does not eat in three hours, give it another dose. Another remedy which has been recommended very highly by some veterinary men, is to bore the horns of cattle which are effected with it.

DAMAGED OATS.

An extensive breeder of horses in South Carolina has recently written a letter to an agricultural paper, stating that more horses die in the South from eating damaged oats than from all other causes. As oats are cut rather green, and often mixed with many green weeds, the writer states that it is very difficult to keep this kind of fodder from moulding in the centre of the stack. He says that many animals die from the effects of the disease caused by the mouldy straw, which are supposed to have been killed by the blind staggers.

WHEN TO SET HENS.

The *Poultry Bulletin* published by the New York State Poultry Society, gives expression to the following opinion:

"It is advisable to set a hen at night, and without a light, if she be a timid one. Eggs sprinkled with water on the 16th, 17th and 20th day after they are set, will rarely have dead chickens in them at the end of the time for incubation."

REMEDY FOR RABBITS GNAWING TREES.

Let me repeat that there is a remedy to prevent rabbits killing young fruit trees in the nursery or orchard; fine young fruit trees have been ruined by rabbits gnawing them. Take thick old slack lime, and thin it with tobacco water, and white-wash the trees in the fall around the trunk as far up as a rabbit can reach.

RULES FOR BOILING VEGETABLES.

The way to spoil a boiled dinner is to boil half a dozen different kinds of vegetables all in the same pot together. Cooked in this way, each vegetable has an indescribable mixture of flavors. Water should always be brought to a boil before putting in the vegetables. Green peas and shelled beans should be boiled in soft water—their skins will be tough if boiled in very hard water. Hard may be made soft by the addition of soda.

Turnips—Turnips should be pared, cut into thin slices, and put into plenty of boiling water, with a lump of salt and a small quantity of dripping. Boil them very fast. In a quarter of an hour, take them up, drain them in a calleander, mash them with a wooden spoon, turn them into a basin, add a little milk, cover the basin, heat them in the oven, turn them into a warm dish and serve them hot.

Cabbage—After taking off the outside leaves, quarter the cabbage, and wash each quarter separately in water rather more than tepid—as water of this temperature makes the insects drop out. After rinsing in cold water boil in plenty of salted water, in which a little soda has been dissolved. Boil a little over one hour.

Parsnips—Scrape off the outside, cut them length ways into two or more pieces and then boil them from half an hour to two hours, according, to their age.

Beets—Beets should be carefully washed, but not cut before boiling—as cutting them allows their juice to escape, leaving them white and bad. In summer boil them an hour in salted water, and in winter boil them four hours. After boiling scrape off their skins, and cut off the threads hanging from them.

It may be convenient to know a ready method of closing up cracks, which are not uncommon, in cast iron stoves, and we are assured that the following recipe is a reliable one: Good wood ashes are to be sifted through a fine sieve, to which is added the same quantity of clay, finely pulverized, together with a little salt. The mixture is to be moistened with water enough to make a paste and the cracks of the stove filled with it. This cement does not peal off or break away, and assumes an extreme degree of hardness after being heated. The stove must be cool when the application is made. The same substance may be used in setting in the plates of a stove, or in fitting stove-pipes, serving to render all the joints perfectly tight.

THE BARON'S STRATAGEM.

An Episode of the Seige of Paris.

The Paris correspondent of a London paper tells this story of one of the humors of the siege:

Let me give you another story, but it belongs to so many worlds back that I am not sure if I can give you exactly the correct names. There was a certain old gentleman—a Baron, who lived in one of the West End suburbs. He had a delightful villa in a garden with high walls, a lovely mate of a beautiful wife, and had to the wretched about to his chair. He got up late, he was dressed with all due care by his servants; he had his breakfast between eleven and twelve; then he was wheeled out into his verandah, or to some sunny gun-plot, to read the papers; and then again at a certain hour in the afternoon he was wheeled back into his house, and he was seen no more. The people who overlooked his grounds knew his habits, and he was as good as a clock to them. He had a wonderful taste in the evening, for which the neighborhood had to provide with sorted solid pabulum. When the siege drew near, the Baron was torn in pieces between a desire to get away and fear for the safety of his precious abode, in which everything had been arranged for his taste and comfort.

"I do not know what is to be done," he said to his most trusted servant, Felix; "the people will think I am a coward if I go away; then I fly from danger; and they will destroy my house. No, I cannot go away." "People are so unreasonable," said Felix. "they cannot expect, M. le Baron to fight, confined, as he is, to bed or chair, and yet if he leaves Paris they will be very angry—they will be jealous. Surely we can arrange something." "No, Felix—no!" said the Baron, "I must stay." And sure enough when the siege began, there was the Baron to be seen as usual, reading his paper after breakfast in his pleasant garden. "There's a true patriot," said the neighbors. "He does not turn his back on Paris as so many others. He can do nothing for us, but at least he can suffer with us. He is a hero." But how he eats," said another, "The butcher tells me that since the siege he eats more than ever, and is always sending Felix to complain of the meat. These invalids—what appetites they have. "Ah!" they all agreed, "I should be sorry if anything happened to the Baron—he is a good fellow; and, as far as eating, let him eat. There is plenty to eat, and it is his only amusement.

One day, however, it was observed that the Baron read his paper longer than usual. The afternoon was far advanced, and still he read. No doubt he was waiting for some one. Perhaps Felix had forgotten him. The sun set; the dinner hour drew near, and still in the twilight the Baron could be seen reading. "Ah, what has happened to the Baron?" said the neighbors. "He will catch his death of cold. The dews of evening are very dangerous." But still he did nothing. No doubt they discovered some satisfactory explanation of what they had seen. In the morning they looked out of their windows—and oh, horror!—the Baron was still in his chair immovable, reading the paper. No doubt he was dead. He had been seized with a fit, and that wicked Felix had neglected him. They rushed into the garden to see for themselves, and they found—a lay figure. The Baron had, in fact, left Paris in good time, and had left at the head of his little villa in the suburbs a wooden idol, decked out in his clothes, to receive all the outward observances which were usually paid to himself. The trick was discovered one day when the servants forgot themseves; and the neighbors laughed so much at the joke that they spared the house.

The Love of Life

is a principal implanted by the Great Creator in the human mind. If we were faithful in every department, and heeded with proper attention, the first outbreak of disease, thousands of lives could be prolonged and many an ill could be alleviated. It is so with the consumptive. It is not in the forming stage of this malady that hope falls him: it is when he has allowed it to fasten upon his vitals, and attack the very citadel of life—the lungs. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE will always cure a cough, from whatever cause, in its earliest stages; it has cured long standing coughs and has eliminated tubercular matter from the lungs and left them well, with their full functions restored. In the matter of chronic diseases, to which Dr. Keyser gives special attention, none have received a greater investigation than Pulmonary Consumption. That it is cared by his plan of treatment, numerous living witnesses bear willing testimonials in every street of our city. Office hours and hours are matters of importance. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE will be found in every house as a remedy to have at hand when coughing or pulmonary difficulties are prevalent. Office 167 Liberty street; from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6; and on Saturdays, from 7 to 9 at night. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four bottels securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

NEW STYLES OF TOILET SETS

For Christmas presents. They excel any ever sold in this city. You will find them at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Still a few more of those Toilet Sets and Perfume Cases at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Also many other very handsome goods that cannot be surpassed in the city for Christmas presents, sold at the very lowest prices, at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Christmas Presents and Holiday Goods of all kinds at very low prices at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

FAITH WELL FOUNDED.

In old times, at the commencement of every season, it was the fashion to take a strong cathartic as a safeguard against a change of temperature. It was a worse than senseless practice. The people of our day understand the matter better. Instead of depleting the system they reinforce it. In the method they adopt they exhibit a wise discrimination. Instead of resorting to the vitiated stimulants of commerce, or any of the compounds derived from them, they put their faith in the only absolutely pure invigorant procurable in the market—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Their faith is well founded. Never has any tonic medicine been prepared with such scrupulous precision and conscientious care. It is a vegetable compound of which every ingredient is sound, wholesome, and is tonic in the true sense of the word. Now, we have three prominent national complaints. One-half of the adult population of the United States suffer more or less either from diseases of the stomach, derangements of the liver, or affections of the kidneys. In no other land under Heaven are these maladies so general as in this country, and Hostetter's Bitters is a specific for them all, unless organic in their origin, and therefore, beyond cure. And let those who are fortunate enough to be exempt from them at present understand one great fact, viz: that an occasional use of this vitalizing tonic will as certainly prevent them as the sun will prevent the earth from freezing where its genial beams descend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &
VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,
HUGUS
& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

W. P. HUNKER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
CONFECTIONERS,
And dealers in FOREIGN FRUITS, CANDY and SUGAR TOYS, NUTS, CIGARS, and
Prize Packages.
Nos. 203 and 205 LIBERTY STREET.
Corner Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
aug5:jlll

NEW GOOD
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
Ladies' and Children's
FURS,
LONG AND SQUARE
Woolen Shawls
LONG AND SQUARE
BROCHE SHAWLS.
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
GORED SKIRTS.
Corsets and Hoop Skirts,
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs,
Sash and Bow Ribbons,
Black Velveteen Ribbons,
Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers and Feathers.
Broche Scarfs,
IN ALL WIDTHS AND COLORS,
AT
LOW PRICES,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

HENRY G. HALE
Has Now in Stock
THE VERY LATEST STYLES
OF
Winter Goods,
DIRECT FROM THE LONDON MARKETS,
COMPRISING
DIAGONALS,
English Coatings, Chevoit Suitings
And an endless variety of the Choicest
PANTALOON PATTERNS.
ALSO,
English Cordurov
OF ALL COLORS.
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.
no29:b44

No. 110 Market St.,
PITTSBURGH.
C. YEAGER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Notions, Fancy Goods and Toys,
Offer to dealers their large and well selected assortment of the above classes of goods.
The Foreign Goods were imported direct by ourselves before the present European war. All of our Stock was Purchased for Cash, and those who favor us with a call and examination of the assortment offered, will find it equal, if not superior to any in the country, and our prices as low as those of New York Houses.
Wholesale Department up stairs.
NO. 110 MARKET STREET,
NEAR LIBERTY.

FURS, FURS.
M'CORD & CO.,
OFFER GREAT BARGAINS IN
Astrachan Sacques,
Seal Sacques,
Persian Lamb Sacques,
Hudson Bay Sable Sets,
Mink Sable Setts,
Royal Ermine Sets,
German Pitch Sets,
Alaska Mink Sets,
Siberian Squirrel Sets,
ALSO, ALL LOWER GRADES IN
FURS,
For Ladies, Misses and Children.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street.

Lubin's French Extracts,
Lubin's French Soaps,
Lubin's French Sachets,
Thomas' Hair Brushes,
Bayley's Ess. Bouquet,
Low's Fine Extracts,
Low's Celebrated Soaps,
Squire's Glycerine Soap,
Price's Glycerine Soap,
Sarg's Vienna Soap,
Brockmell's Skin Soap,
Brandy and Sherry Wine,
Cigars de Joy, for Asthma.
with other CHOICE GOODS, all of the very best selection and importation.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Smithfield Street and Fourth Avenue.
SOLE AGENT FOR
Prior Mabry's London Celebrated Extracts and Cheralaine.

DREKA,
Imported and Printed Inks in
STATIONERY.
WEDDING, VISITING, in all
PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING.
MONOGRAMS, CREST,
ILLUMINATING, &c.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Send for Price List.
Eclipse Coal Hod.
I am now prepared to furnish dealers and users of my new Improved Eclipse Coal Hod at very low rates. All orders should be sent to the manufactory, Franklin St., ALLEGHENY, Allegheny City, or leave at 74 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
WM. SEMPLE
Is Offering Special Inducements to his numerous patrons in
DRESS GOODS,
BLACK AND COLORED
DRESS SILKS,
BLACK AND COLORED
American Poplins.
ALL-WOOL POPLINS
AND
Serge Plaids.
At 25c., D'ble Width Corded Poplins.
At 30c., Double Width American Poplins.
At 37½c., Heavy Bl'k Alpaca Poplins.
At $1.00, Brown Dress Silks—a great bargain.
Cassimeres and Jeans,
Astrachan and Chinchilla Cloakings.
Waterproofs and Flannels,
AT POPULAR PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT
HORNE & CO'S
GRAND CLEARANCE SALE,
Extra Good Bargains in Every Department.
Specialties:
A Large Lot White and Brown Balbriggan Hose, Silk Embroidered, at 50 cents per pair.
Handsome Roman Sashes at $5.00, former price, $10.00.
Broche Scarfs,
Fringed and Roman Scarfs,
Embroidered Linen Collars,
Embroidered Linen Sets,
Lace Trimmed Linen Sets,
Embroidered Linen Chemizettes,
Real Pointe & Point Applique Goods,
Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs,
Real and Imitation Laces,
Guipure and Thread Laces,
Guipure Lace Berthas,
Lyons Cloaking Velvets,
Silk Party Fans,
Jet and Plated Jewelry,
ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
In Wholesale Rooms, 100 pieces BLACK and COLORED VELVETEENS at greatly reduced prices.
77 and 79 Market Street.
del2

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.
WINE VINEGAR.
We are receiving a lot of CASKS and BARRELS of the celebrated
E. & M. Bollman
IMPERIAL WINE VINEGAR out of a cargo just landed at Baltimore.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood street.

LEATHER,
Hides and Oil,
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 128 Second Avenue,
(Near Smithfield street.)
del2:jll PITTSBURGH, PA.
GO TO
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S
JEWELRY STORE TO BUY YOUR
Holiday Presents!
FINE STONE CAMEO SETS.
DIAMONDS.
NEW STYLE GOLD VEST CHAINS.
LADIES' OPERA CHAINS.
LADIES' AND GENTS' GOLD WATCHES.
HAND AND CHAIN BRACELETS.
ELEGANT RETIRING STOCK
OF JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, FANCY GOODS, &c.
dec2 101 FIFTH AVENUE.

Brilliancy
AND POLISH
ATTAINED BY USING
Silver White,
FOR SALE BY
John Stevenson's Sons & Co,
93 MARKET ST.,
Pittsburgh.
GOLD.
Morton's Pens.
Morton's Pens.
SOLE AGENTS,
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.
75 Wood Street.
T. T. T.
Trego's Teaberry Toothwash.
GEO. HEFLICK,
No. 47 Fulton Street,
Cheap Exterior of Furniture and Decorating Chair Factory.
Manufacturer of YONKERS CHAIRS.
Call and examine my Stock of Chairs, Cheap for Cash, or on Time.
Livingston & Co.,
CASTINGS.
$100 to $250 PER MONTH
AGENCY BUSINESS OF ALL KINDS to be transacted at Washington City. Call or address, with stamp, for circular, J. C. ROBERTS & CO., Washington City, D. C.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

Waltham Watches.
NEW STYLES,
LOW PRICES.
We have sold these Watches for years, and feel confident in
RECOMMENDING THEM
To the Public. We desire specially to call attention to those known as
3-4 Plate Style,
Which EXCEL any others made in this Country in Beauty, Finish, and fine Time-keeping qualities.
J. R. REED & CO.,
68 Fifth Avenue.
del2:jll

City Standard Time.
96 FEDERAL ST. 96
GENTS' WATCHES. LADIES' WATCHES.
ALL MAKES, GRADES AND STYLES IN GOLD AND SILVER, WARRANTED. CLUCES ETC.
Mc FADDEN'S.
A SPECIALTY. FROM $25 UPWARD to the FINEST. DIAMOND PINS, RINGS, EAR DROPS, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE.
ALLEGHENY. 96
Thos. M'Fadden Jr.

BUSINESS CHANGES.
DISSOLUTION.
Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of ADAMS, CRAFT & CO., is hereby dissolved. CALVIN ADAMS having purchased the entire concern known as the "Pittsburgh Vinegar Works."
Calvin Adams hereby assumes all liabilities and alone is authorized to collect the outstanding debts of the firm.
The business will be carried on at the old stand No. 146 WATER STREET.
CALVIN ADAMS,
CHAS. C. CRAFT.
DECEMBER 1st, 1870. dec7:3

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
Notice is hereby given that the partnership subsisting between T. KENNEDY and W. S. KENNEDY, under the firm of W. T. KENNEDY & BRO., was dissolved on the 24 day of December, 1870, by mutual consent. S. T. KENNEDY is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the firm, and can be found at the Pittsburgh City Flouring Mills, MARSHALL, KENNEDY'S & CO.
S. T. KENNEDY,
W. S. KENNEDY.
ALLEGHENY, December 6, 1870. dec9:7

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPERS
At Low Prices,
For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
and 121 Liberty Street.
FRENCH DECORATIONS,
Gold Panels, Ceilings, Statuary, Pictures.
Buy before they advance!
aug6 W. P. MARSHALL.
NEW WALL PAPERS,
Now receiving, of new designs, for halls, dining rooms and chambers. Also, Plain Tints and Decorations in extensive variety, at
No. 107 MARKET ST., near Fifth avenue.
oct29: JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

THE STRONGEST AND BEST SECURED, as well as most profitable investment now offered in the market.
7 Per Cent. Gold
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
Coupon or Registered
(AND FREE OF U. S. TAX.)
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold, issued by the
Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota R. R. Co.
The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.
Interest payable May and November.
J. EDGAR THOMPSON, } Trustees.
CHARLES E. PUGH, }
The Bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion of the line fully completed and equipped.
The greater part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connection, thereby shortening the distance between St. Paul and Chicago, 43 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is mainly progressing, in time for the movement of the spring grain crops, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road.
The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the richest and most populous portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its direct connection with the Mississippi River, and the Railroad system of the country, renders it one of the most desirable investments now offered.
Subscriptions will be received, payment free of Commission and Exchange, at
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
32 Wall Street, New York.
FOR SALE BY
G. MCILHAN & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
HARRIS, HIGH, & CO., Philadelphia.
BURTIS & MORGAN, Philadelphia.
CARY & POTTS, Philadelphia.
BOHAVEN & HIES, Philadelphia.
THOS. A. BIDDLE & CO., Philadelphia.
C. D'HUVILLINIER, Philadelphia.
RIGGS, BENSON &

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Dec. 12, 1870.

It is rather early in the week to form an opinion of the course of the loan market, but the indications [illegible] very quiet, with offerings in one or two of the banks, and the character of some of the paper offered today to private lenders, are that money will be close, and rates firm.

The stock market was inactive. We are aware of a stray bid here and there, but there is no way to get at quotations. Sales were utilized to make a further decline in prices.

The New York market was dull but steady in gold. Government bonds fell off from ¼ to ¾ per cent. from our quotations of Saturday.

The Railway list is variable, but on the whole a fraction better than at the close of the week.

We annex the opening exchanges of the December Clearing-House of Henry Clews & Co., in reference to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury:

As the close of the year approaches, there are many occasions for comment on the operations of the country. The condition of the financial [illegible] growing out of the political upheaval in Europe, have been much on the surface [illegible] and at a period of the year when credits are usually severely tested, we find comparatively few failures in any of the countries [illegible] ing evidences of the general prosperity of the people. Although there is, naturally, a certain degree of anxiety in the minds of business men relative to the future of the finances, especially connected with the payment of the bonds, [illegible] with the idea that a change in the system of taxation is to be instituted by the next Congress, there is no interference with the current business of our interests.

The indications at the opening of Congress, to-day, are not such as to [illegible] generally entertained by the public, in regard to the views of the President's Message and the Department Reports, would tend to favor a speedy progression of existing measures, with such [illegible] of the Secretary of the Treasury as may commend themselves to the judgment of the majority of our Representatives. Whether the [illegible] will be [illegible] to the end of the session, without the [illegible] of the Secretary of the Treasury, remains to be seen; but it is very certain that a single [illegible] may [illegible] the [illegible] of the country, and [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the Storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 13, 1870.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Height of Barometer	29.10	29.05	29.15
Change since last report	.07	.05	.15
Thermometer	32°	40°	40°
Change in last 24 hours	8°	8°	8°
Direction of wind	N.	N.	N.
Velocity of wind—miles per hour	6	6	6
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot			
Force of wind reduced to Beaufort scale—approximate	C	B	C
Amount of rain and melted snow	0	0	0
Remarks—Time of last report—Inches and hundredths	0.25		
State of weather	c	c	c

Remarks.—In the November report, only the variations of the Barometer since the last report are given; during the table for the month hereafter the variations of the Barometer since the last report will be given, and the table will be uniformly closed.

Character of the winds, in open space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, light winds; B, fresh winds; C, strong winds; and light; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, severe gale; I, storm or hurricane.

State of the weather is expressed by figures from 1 to 6: 1 being clear, 2 fair; 3 cloudy, 4 to 5 cloudy, 5 lowering, 6 to 7 cloudy, 7 rain, 8 hail, 9 snow.

The barometer is corrected for temperature, elevation and instrumental error.

A. WOLF, Observer.

Sterling silver fancy goods in cases. John Stevenson's Sons & Co.

Rev. C. W. Smith, of the Denver Street M. E. Church, Cleveland, will take a vacation in his own church, on the "Scientific Revolution."

It is a great waste of time and raw material to "throw it all on the troubled waters" of the Allegheny, when it might be utilized in the adornment of those sandy flats for drilling purposes.

For Gold Jewelry, brooches, ear rings, chains and fine jewelry, call at Jones Brownsdon's Sons & Co., 79 Market street.

Allegheny, Gazette 416 on the list of justice in voting to the corporate whereabouts. Mr. R. B. Davis, three hundred dollars as additional compensation for his services on the wharf committee.

The conflagration of a new home in the Seventeenth ward fell down yesterday, and distributed several acres to the ground. Insurance had been effected, fortunately. The others were not insured.

The Tuesday Club—Rev. J. S. Stadler, a well known preacher, will read a paper before the club this evening, on "Spiritualism." Subject: Its Origin, Progress and Significance." Every one desirous of obtaining information on the subject will be welcome.

Mrs. Thompson—In the November report, only the variations of the Barometer since the last report are given; during the table for the month hereafter the variations of the Barometer since the last report will be given, and the table will be uniformly closed.

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Mrs. Thompson—Rev. Mr. Thompson, of Bethel, will preach in the Methodist Church, Penn avenue, Allegheny, this evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject: "Christian Work." Mrs. Thompson will also preach in the Methodist Church, Penn avenue, Allegheny, this evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject: "Christian Work."

Pastoral Conference—Rev. Mr. Hall was the name of the man who fell from the stairs at the Allegheny Cemetery and injured himself to the extent of a broken leg, and not Rev. Mr. Hall, as was reported to that effect in the morning papers. Rev. Mr. Hall is now in New York, and Harvey Childs' injuries did not necessitate any surgical aid. He was conveyed to his residence on Penn avenue.

Sheriff Sales.—By virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, December 19, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described property, to wit: [Here follows the description of the property.]

Terms of sale cash, and no deed delivered until the purchase money is paid. JOHN HARPER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, Dec. 12, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Prothonotary's office, and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, on Monday, December 19, 1870, for confirmation and allowance:

1. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
2. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
3. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
4. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
5. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
6. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
7. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
8. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
9. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny.
10. The account of Thomas Bell, Assignee of Thomas Bell, Jr., of the city of Allegheny